

The



Times.

SEVENTH YEAR. VOL XIV. NO. 96.

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY,

TIME BUILDING,

N.E. cor. First and Fort sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

Amusements.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. H. C. Wyatt, Lessee and Manager
—ONE WEEK—
COMMENCING, Monday, September 3d
—ONE WEEK—

Engagement of the charming comedienne,

HETIE BERNARD CHASE!

Supported by her Eastern company of comedians, in her latest musical comedy success,

"HETIE BERNARD CHASE!"

Wednesday Evening, a grand political surprise. First appearance of BENJAMIN J. HARRISON
—A. GROVER CLEVELAND.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE. H. C. Wyatt, Lessee and Manager
—COMMENCING—

Tuesday, September 11
MATINEE SATURDAY ONLY.
After absence of two years, re-appearance of the one great and incomparable

(HP HERRMANN!) (HERRMANN!)

Assisted by MADAM HERRMANN and first appearance of the world's Oriental fantasistess, DING DONG.

For the first time Herrmann's latest sensation, "BLACK ART!"

The Mystery of Mysteries.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. T. W. OKEY, Lessee and Manager
—COMMENCING Sunday, September 2d.
The Sensation of the Season!

APPLE'S CONGRESS OF NOVELTIES!
AND THE GREAT

MM MM U U SSS II OOO
D D D L L BBR O O N N N SSS
MM MM U U SSS II OOO
D D D L L BBR O O N N N SSS
MM MM U U SSS II OOO
D D D L L BBR O O N N N SSS
Le plus fort du Monde! (the sensational serialists of two countries), who have just counted a most successful engagement at the Orpheum Theater, San Francisco, together with the DALE BROTHERS

And the following excellent company: Gallagher, Reynolds and Devore, the Putnam Twin Sisters, Brown and White, the Redheads, the Ricardos, Prince Endardo, and Silbion's triumph, "Roman Studio."

PRICES, \$2.00 and 50¢.

GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY.

Seat at Swartz & Whome's, Holbrook block.
WASHINGTON GARDENS.

Sunday, September 9th
—AND—

Monday, September 10th
—AFTERNOON AND EVENINGS.

MM MM U U SSS II OOO
D D D L L BBR O O N N N SSS
MM MM U U SSS II OOO
D D D L L BBR O O N N N SSS
MM MM U U SSS II OOO
D D D L L BBR O O N N N SSS
etc., under the management of GEORGE W. FRENCH,
An old-time caterer of amusements.

Refreshments of all kinds on the grounds.
Everybody Come Sure.
Admission same as usual. Take Main-street cars.

CALIFORNIA DIME.

Week Commencing Saturday, Sept. 1
TWO MINUTE SHOWS—TWO
Positive Last week of Prof. Schweiger's THEATRICAL FANTOCHE,
Constituted of LIFE-LIKE MARIONNETTES,
etc., etc., under the management of G. E. H. BREWER.

Reappearance of the great Bohemian Glass-blower, G. E. H. BREWER, the wonderful Two Glass Steam Engine in full operation.

MANALIE, the beautiful tan-coated Fiji Island Princess, accompanied by a perfect type of the Fiji Islands, will be here Saturday evening.

SIG. FORESTELL, the great sword-swallowing PUNCH AND JUDY.

THE HALF-LADY ILLUSION, etc., etc.

Doors open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

ADMISSION, TEN CENTS.
Reserved Seats Ten Cents Extra

SECOND ANNUAL

LOS ANGELES CO. POMOLOGICAL SOCIETY

Opens Saturday 17th.—Closes September 2d

In honor of the annual session of the

SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE I.O.O.F. OF

THE WORLD.

Open for competition to Southern California.

MR. C. M. HEINTZ is authorized to publish premium lists, collect artistic material etc., etc.

Send for premium lists and apply for space to THOMAS A. GALT, Superintendent.

FREE EXHIBITION

OF JAPANESE AND CHINESE ART.

K K K N N K K K O O O O O O
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148 Spring street, opposite Nadeau.

THE GRANDEST SIGHT

IN LOS ANGELES.

SIEGE OF PARIS!

MAIN AND THIRD STREETS. Open daily from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m. Adm. 25c.

Dyeing and Scouring.

W. KUHN, TAILOR, DYER, SCOURER and retailer, 228 W. Second st., Los Angeles, Cal. All kinds of silk and ladies' wool dresses cleaned and pressed.

WANTED—A GOOD RESPONSIBLE

merchandise business; none but a thorough business man need apply. Inquire of or address E. H. KELLY, Gladstone, 14.

WANTED—PARTNER IN GENERAL

merchandise business; none but a thorough business man need apply. Inquire of or address E. H. KELLY, Gladstone, 14.

WANTED—WE WANT YOUR

business for our office, if you desire to sell your property, we will buy it.

JOHN G. STEEDMAN & CO., 13 S. Fort.

WANTED—I WANT RESIDENCES

and business property to rent, w. l. w. buy furniture and leases. GEO. O. FORD, 16 S. Main st.

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JEWISH NEW YEAR.

CELEBRATION OF THE "ROSH HASHANA" YESTERDAY.

Ceremonies After the Manner of Moses and Aaron—Abstract of a Sermon by Rabbi Schreiber—Confirmation of Master Freddie Kramer.

Yesterday, according to the Hebrew calendar, was the first day of the month of Ethir of the year 5649, and the Jewish nation dispersed over the face of the earth united again in observing their New Year. At the going down of the sun on Wednesday evening the holiday began, and it was appropriately observed in the synagogues. Yesterday the less worldly of the Hebrews shut up their stores, and all of that race celebrated their holiday by social and religious observances. Elegant New Year cards of artistic design were exchanged, calls were made and parties given. Some sects of the Jews used to claim that New Years fell on the first of Nissar, in the spring, but the custom on the day whose anniversary took place yesterday.

The synagogue on Fort street, below Second, stands immediately back from the street, and some pepper trees, which have so far escaped the axe of the modern vandals, throw their pleasant shade upon the walk. It was built some 15 years ago, and belongs to the B'nai B'rith, children of the cord of the reformed branch of the Hebrew Church.

The Hebrew service is largely musical, and a fine choir renders the anthems of praise. Miss Preston is soprano, Mrs. Scarborough alto, F. B. Fanning tenor, N. Laub basso and Prof. Loeb pianist.

Yesterday afternoon the synagogue was filled with a large congregation, who met to honor the new year by religious observance. High before the ark swings the light, Near Tamid, which never is extinguished. The white silken curtains, hung only on feast days, bore a gold crown and the "shield of David," a six-pointed star. Above the ark were the Ten Commandments in gilt, Hebrew letters, while at the bottom of the Ark was inscribed "Know ye before whom ye stand," and "I always go before you." The choir sang "How Beautiful Are Thy Tents, O Israel," and when the strains ceased Rev. Emmanuel Schreiber, the rabbi of the congregation, offered prayer.

Then the rabbi read from the Abrahah of the regular services of the church in Hebrew, and the choir sang some selections. On his right sat the president of the B'nai B'rith, W. H. Hellman, and on his left L. Harris occupied the vice-president's chair, in place of M. Leib, absent. After the singing of a grand anthem by the choir, the silken curtains of the ark were drawn back and the sacred scroll was placed upon the altar. These scrolls contain the words of Moses, and are carefully en-grossed with quill pens at great expense in Europe.

Rabbi Schreiber read a chapter of the scriptures, and then Warde H. Meyer blew three blasts on the shophar in homage before the ark. The shophar is a ram's horn, and the custom has descended from before the days of Jacob. When the curtains had been drawn again, the rabbi read and then delivered an able sermon, a synopsis of which is given.

The rabbi commenced his sermon by saying that one more a year of our life has gone never to return. This saying can never become trite and meaningless, but only a quick a year flies no matter how many important events it may have witnessed. It has become a history, with its defeats and victories, pleasures and pains. Tears of joy and sorrow succeed each other, and nothing remains.

Nothing? Oh no! As Isaiah puts it: "Grass easily fades, the flowers withers; but the word of our God stands forever." Which word? We cannot celebrate the day more fittingly than by trying to answer this question.

It was true, he proceeded, that every joy had vanished, and nothing remained but the remembrance, but it would be most ungrateful not to acknowledge the pleasures of this year. We cannot but say that life is worth living, if we are not to be measured according to its actual length, but from a higher standpoint. There are single moments when past and future are obliterated and the gates of heaven are unlocked. There is no one so poor or miserable as not to have the opportunity of enjoying such moments of light from above.

Then the rabbi was compelled to struggle hard in the field of existence, and have received painful wounds in the battle of life, cannot say that the year has been a failure. If they have done but one good work for the cause of humanity, they have no right to complain. "My endeavor was in vain. I have wasted my powers for the sake of strength and vanity."

Through the year the rabbi still remains with us. The rabbi instanced sweet memories of childhood, when all was bright and serene, and then said that the remembrance of our past life was not always so pleasant, but even sad recollections may have a purifying and elevating influence. Nor is the memory of every pleasure devoid of joy. Thought pure and simple, pleasure, have the tendency to bring us happiness. The world we live behind them a sting. The sages recommended a benediction before enjoyment, and the proverb says, "For God ought to take part in the gladness of our heart."

The rabbi then discussed the pain and sorrows of life, which may justly be called "a field of weeping." The past year has been no exception, and has many scenes of sorrow—some of hallowed grief. The world is wide, and calamities are everywhere. But it cannot last always. When we lose one of our dear ones, sorrow overwhelms us and enters into our souls. But the weak heads. The interests of the world are not yet grieved subtler than the rising in a pool. We have suffered pain in the grave of our beloved dead.

What then remains after the pain has vanished? Hope remains; that flower which thrives so well on a soil watered with tears. As the poet, Moore, says:

"His precious pearl in sorrow's cup Unmettled at the bot om lain.
To me it was a wint, but I drank up,
I'll taste no more."

People, however, should beware of trusting to their "good luck" when fortune has smiled upon them, and expecting to sail smoothly forever on the sea of life. Happy is the man who is mindful of the day of failure. The world of eternal loss is no world of secure possession.

In the name of the year you can, the rabbi exhorted. Alexander the Great, when exhorted by Aristotle to further the interests of humanity and foster the interests of the sciences and arts among the mighty nations he had conquered, promised to do so after one more conquest, but he died before it was achieved. So there are men who contend in the immutability of their human and content on measures which may never come. The flower which a long process of time had taken to create is destroyed in a single moment, yet while it lived fulfilled its mission in its passing bloom.

Let us not therefore set our hearts exclusively on one wish, one hope, one ideal, lest the disappointment will be crushing. Do not say "I could not live for more than what you have to give me." Experience shows that great sorrow can be borne, as well as great joy, even how could the aged mother survive the burial of her children? In the great battle of life in which we are all fighting, the wounded and the wounded have a share in the victory.

Looking at the matter philosophically, we can never attain happiness as an end, but only as an accessory in pursuing the right. The striving for perfection, the seeking for progress in the future, is the redeeming feature of life. But all progress is based on experience. Pain therefore, becomes a need of the soul, for the soul is the wheel of the wheel of the power of progress.

When the sun sets, said Rabbi Schreiber, the dusk falls, and then the gloom of night; but then, also, shine forth the glorious stars, invisible by day. So, when the sun of our happiness sets, and the darkness enters our souls, the little joys, which before we spurned, shine forth to cheer us. Our Father in Heaven has many and different messengers to make us happy, and let us not prescribe to Him the way. What we wish for most may prove calamities, and what we regard as misfortunes may be the stepping-stones to future happiness. The hidden things belong to God.

Let us then, under no circumstances give

up hope, more especially at the beginning of the new year. To those whose wounds are not yet healed, or those who commenced the closing year under joyful auspices and are today broken down, the new year exclaims: "It is in God's hand, but also in your own heart, that before another year is finished they may thankfully and trustfully look forward to a brighter day." "The darkest night is at the darkest." And those who hope in God shall gain new strength; they shall advance and progress, and never get weary. Amen.

At the meeting, Freddie Kramer was confirmed in the faith of his fathers. He stood forth and recited the articles of faith in a clear voice and made an address of thanks to the rabbis and teachers, after which the Rabbi made an exhortation and gave him his blessing.

The special services for the New Year were then proceeded with, and scripture and prayer alternated with the music. Again was the arc unveiled, and again the notes from the organ and the benediction followed, and the congregation went home to pass the day, leaving the undying flame burning over the altar.

RUNAWAY.

A Family Party Dumped Upon the Sidewalk.

What came very near being a serious accident occurred yesterday at the corner of Spring and Court streets yesterday afternoon. A two-wheeled cart, in which were Mrs. Cook, sister-in-law of Walter S. Moore, the two little daughters of Mr. Moore and Mrs. Cook's son, was standing in front of the Singer sewing-machine rooms on Spring street, about 4:30 o'clock, when a runaway team came down the street from First street on a dead run. The team was filled with horses, and the jockey, Mr. T. Austin, as soon as he saw that team coming, jumped into the cart and drove down to Court street to get out of the way. In attempting to turn the corner, however, the wheel caught on the car track, turning the vehicle over and dumping the occupants out on the sidewalk. For a few minutes there was great confusion and fear the cries of the team drivers, it was thought the some of were badly hurt, but strange to it may seem, none of them were seriously injured. They were soon quieted and taken to Walter S. Maxwell's office on Court street, where it was found that Mrs. Margaret Moore had received a bad bruise on her arm. The others were not hurt and all were sent home in care of Frank Cook, the driver of the runaway team, who was arrested and taken to the police station, but was released on his own recognizance to appear before Justice Austin this morning.

THE POSTOFFICE.

The Business About Doubled in One Year.

The report of Postmaster E. A. Preuss for August, 1888, shows the following interesting figures:

Carrriers employed, 31; delivery trips, 135, men, five deliveries, one-half two-deliveries; collection trips, daily, 6; registered letters delivered, 470; letters delivered, 182,557; postal cards delivered, 21,371; newspapers, circulars and all printed matter delivered, 158,132; local letters collected, 20,224; mail letters collected, 304,431; local post cards collected, 20,406; postal cards collected, 19,006; newspapers, circulars and all printed matter collected, 21,197; total postage on local matter delivered through the boxes, general delivery and by carrier, \$1426.52; August, 1887, \$738.40; unpaid carriers, \$1786.54; incidental expenses, \$186.40; total expenses, \$1972.74.

Comparisons with the business of the corresponding month in 1887 are as follows:

Letters delivered in August, 1887, 107,388; letters delivered in August, 1888, 2,857; postals delivered in August, 1887, 6082; postals delivered in August, 1888, 21,371; letters collected in August, 1887, 117,980; letters collected in August, 1888, 204,451; postage collected on mail matter delivered in August, 1887, \$738.40; postage collected on mail matter delivered in August, 1888, \$1426.52.

Is Not Preparing the Charges.

Yesterday an article was published in THE TIMES to the effect that charges were being prepared by Chief Cuddy against Capt. Loomis, which were backed up by an affidavit sworn to before Sidney Lacey, Notary Public, by Hugh J. Crawford. The statement was made on the authority of a member of the police force, who is very near to the Chief, and was given substantially as published. Yesterday the reporter was told that no such affidavit had been filed, and the reporter interviewed Mr. Lacey, who showed the reporter his official record, from which it was seen that much had been done to secure his silence. This put a new face on the matter, and the reporter last night interviewed Mr. Cuddy about the charges. The Chief stated positively that he had never authorized any statement that he was preparing charges against Capt. Loomis. He stated, however, that he had received certain information about the Captain and said it would be best if the matter would be brought before the Police Commissioners, where Mr. Loomis would be treated exactly as any other man would be. This was, perhaps, the foundation for the rumor that charges were being prepared. So far as he was concerned he had neither friends nor enemies in his official position, and if Loomis came before the commissioners he would be treated fairly, just as he had been or any other officer just as he was.

Thought He Was Robbed.

Last evening a drunken man staggered up against Officer Church on Main street and claimed that he had been robbed of a watch chain and \$15 in the Club Theater. He gave the name of Frank A. Odell, and said he had registered at the Pico House. Odell's story was that he had deposited the change with the barkeeper and went into a box with a girl, and in a few minutes returned for his money, when the barkeeper would not recognize him. A TIMES reporter accompanied Officer Church and Odell to the Pico House, and found his money safe with the clerk, where he had left it, and with the girl, who had been at the Club Theater, as he thought in his drunkenness. Odell drew some of his money and continued his spree.

Three Days of Base-ball.

The management of the new base-ball grounds, Prospect Park, having arranged three exciting games for the 8th, 9th and 10th inst., the Los Angeles County Railroad Company, whose cars run onto the grounds, are now arranging a new timetable for above days. A very heavy travel is expected on each of above days, as the games will probably be as good base-ball as was ever played in Los Angeles, and trains will be started about every half hour from the Sisters' Hospital, corner Beaudry and Belgrave avenues, and will run to and from the ground, including a transfer to grounds, is only 50 cents, ladies are admitted to grounds free. We predict a great success for our new base-ball grounds.

Board of Supervisors.

The board met yesterday, all the members being present.

A new judicial township was created out of the Santa Ana judicial township, to consist of the following voting precincts: Orange City, McPherson, St. James, Silverado and Orange Depot.

Warrants were ordered drawn monthly in favor of Mr. Bath, amounting to \$35,50, on account of indigents.

Letters were received from the State Board of Equalization that they would hear the complaints of the supervisors not later than next Tuesday.

Adjourned till tomorrow at 10 a.m.

Registration Precincts.

County Clerk Dunsmoor will establish nine new places of registration in the city next week for the convenience of laboring people. In each place there will be a Democrat and a Republican. The localities are the Southern Pacific depot, on San Fernando street, Santa Fé depot, Boyle Heights, East Los Angeles, Washington Gardens, University and the Sixth and cod fish.

The word "mac" is used a great deal in reference to a certain class of low men who live on the earnings of fallen women. A gentleman explained yesterday in a TIMES reporter the derivation and meaning of the term. Mac is from the French *maquereau*, a mackerel, and applied to that class of men because they are the husbands or lovers of that class of women whom the French call *moures*, or cod fish.

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THE COURTS.

A Full Day's Work in the Minor Courts.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.
Charles Smith was tried for selling liquor to an Indian. The jury were instructed to acquit on the ground of insanity, and the prisoner was discharged.

Adjourned till today at 10 a.m.

JUDGE CHENEY'S COURT.

Ah Honz, for assault with a deadly weapon, was sentenced to a fine of \$25 and three months in jail.

John Burke, T. B. Thompson and Hugh Hill were tried for larceny. The jury disagreed.

JUDGE GARDNER'S COURT.

In re Insolvency of J. W. German, Hellman, Haas & Co. filed claim of \$3014, and smaller claims footed up \$900 more. Jacob Barnes was appointed assignee with bond fixed at \$3000.

In re Insolvency of E. P. Hedderly. Default was entered for non-appearance of Hedderly, and order entered for stay of proceedings and election of assignee.

James K. Norman vs. Frances A. Norman, set for today at 10 a.m.

Two probate cases were heard.

JUDGE O'NELVY'S COURT.

The case of Woodward and Wood was continued.

NEW CASES.

Josephine against Jay B. Morris from land in this county will be heard tomorrow.

James E. S. L. Bernard brings action against Wells, Fargo & Co. for \$20,000 damages for having maliciously accused him of grand larceny, for which he was recently acquitted in Judge Cheney's court.

The people ex rel. A. H. Merwin and W. E. Rogers have filed a complaint against the Camacho Valley Railroad Company, in which they allege that its tracks on Belmont avenue, Temple and Diamond streets are a public obstruction and damage to those highways, and that the engines running on them frighten horses and by their smoke deface the buildings. They pray for a decree enjoining the company from running on the tracks and that the tracks themselves may be taken up.

W. A. Henry and A. A. Montaño ask for an injunction against Arthur Caldwell from entering on or asserting any claim to lot on the east side of Yale between Virgin and High streets.

Stephen C. Foster applies for letters of administration in the estate of Manuel L.

Henry Krieger applies for the guardianship of Henry and Edward Boege, sons. Edward A. Cochran asked for the appointment of Eliza J. Beach as his guardian, which was granted by Judge Gardner.

JUSTICE AUSTIN'S COURT.

The case of William Abbott, charged with vagrancy, was tried before a jury yesterday. Assistant District Attorney Cheif Prosecutor and S. W. M. White and J. D. Gage were the defendant's counsels. The following jurors were sworn: H. Mathewson, George Basserman, C. Worth, M. A. Conning, John J. Jones, A. Farris, E. M. Funk, W. de Groot, E. E. Evans, W. A. Caldwell and J. C. Priddy.

Counsel agreed that 11 jurors were enough, and the prosecution swore Officers Bosqui, Davies, Purvis, Hawley, Wheaton and Davis. A recess was then taken till today at 10 a.m., when the defense will present their case.

Magistrate Hinnes will plead to a charge of disturbing the peace tomorrow at 10 a.m. The trial of John Thompson for battery was postponed.

Hampton Horton gave bail in \$500 for disturbance on September 13th, at 2 p.m., for embracement.

A. Bransom, found guilty of battery on Abert Zutkoff, was fined \$15.

A warrant was issued against Jim Chasen for assault with a deadly weapon.

JUSTICE TANEY'S COURT.

The case of M. Lavonich, for defrauding his creditors, was tried yesterday afternoon. Nine witnesses were sworn for the prosecution, when motion by defendant's council to dismiss was made and denied. The cause was adjourned till today at 9 a.m., when the defense will be heard.

Seven petty offenders were tried and sentenced.

JUSTICE KING'S COURT.

The case of Sidney Smith, for disturbing the peace, was taken under advisement till 10 a.m. today.

The sentence of J. M. McElrath, for disturbing the peace, was postponed till today at 10 a.m.

S. Y. Ali Sam and Ah Mow, taking water from ditch of City Water Company, were tried, found guilty, and will be sentenced at 11 o'clock today.

THE WOOL INDUSTRY.

A Few Facts Which Concern Those Interested in the Sheep Business.

(The Economist.)

A farmer in South America, or Africa, or Australia, or India may be the owner of half a million or a million sheep, and half a dozen shepherd men at \$10 a month each, with found, with a dozen shepherd dogs, will guard those large flocks to and from pasture, while in this country you can find 1000 farmers who do not own such flocks of sheep, yet the small flocks of 50 or 500 which they all have require a hundred times more constant, earnest care during our long and severe winters than those large flocks which roam the plains of South America and Australia.

Even with free lands the farmers of America cannot and could not compete with those of other lands in the production of sheep or in the growth of wool. Even under the present high tariff it is seen that they cannot compete or shut out the foreign article, coarse or fine, when in the last 11 months we have imported 102,500,000 pounds of the raw staple, and as some of this wool was thoroughly cleaned and scoured, it will readily be conceded that our imports even now look up to 35 per cent. of our whole clip. It is admitted that the price of all fine wool is relatively lower than ever known before.

Consequently, if trade is not active and prosperous, cheap wool, and plenty of it, is not the cause, and any person who says it is ought to be sent to Botony Bay to raise cabbage, because he is simply out of his vocation and neither understands the science of money or manufacturing or business in all their most essential features. If the manufacturers of the United States obtained raw material free they could not compete with the pauper labor of Europe unless they strove to degrade American labor to the same level, and we fancy this would soon bring about a new "irrepressible conflict," perhaps more violent in its nature than the old one which deluged the land with blood. In our humble opinion it is better for the new-opinioned Democracy to retreat in good order from their position before their ranks become demoralized and they are put to rout and broken up again.

A CANDID CONFESSION.

For several years I suffered from Dyspepsia and Kidney Complaint, the latter being so severe at times that I could scarcely attend to my work. My appetite was bad and I was unable to eat. But now, through the use of Joy's Vegetable Saraparilla my appetite and digestion improved till my health was perfectly restored.

John M. Lellan,
Bedding, Cal.

PUT ME ON THE LIST.

I suffered for years from asthma. It destroyed my appetite and weakened my system. None of the remedies I took afforded me any relief, until I commenced using "the California Remedy," Joy's Vegetable Saraparilla. I began taking it last spring and am now entirely free from this disgusting disease, and am again strong and healthy.

Lizzie A. Hall,
Mohave, Cal.Notary Public and Commissioner
For New York and Arizona, G. A. Dobinson,
124 West Second street, Hollenbeck block.Conscientious care, superior work, prompt
delivery, characterize the City Laundry.Where shall I take my lunch? At the
Vivian Buffet.

PEOPLE'S STORE.

OUR WINDOW DISPLAYS.

Ladies' Collars, \$2.50 each.

A 4-ply collar, with cap attachment, in the latest standing style, apd sold all over at \$2.50.

Ladies' Hose, \$2.50 a Pair.

Come early as the rush is going to be great; consequently they will not last long.

They are made of fine, soft, pliable, colored and fancy stockings, being kind pairs of different colors, partly sold out.

We take this method of ridding ourselves of the entire line.

The cost of the goods is \$2.50 a pair.

Combination Dress Patterns \$2.50 a Suit.

A stylish, rich and serviceable cold pattern, consisting of 10 pieces of double-faced material and 10 pieces of fabric, designed to match making a neat combination; all for \$2.50; worth \$4.50.

CLOTHING REPAIRMENT.

Men's Suits \$2.50 a Suit.

An all-wool sack suit, in brown or gray stripe, in the latest pattern it is a neat and dressy suit; at \$2.50; sold elsewhere at \$1.50.

Men's Wool Sack Suit \$2.50 a Suit.

A simple wide-striped all-wool sack suit at \$2.50 a pair; this same style suit is sold in this city at \$1.50.

Men's Cashmere Mixed Suit \$2.50 a Suit.

Men's Cottonade Pants \$2.50 a Pair.

For working pants these are just the thing, and will give the best satisfaction; sold all over at \$2.50.

Boys' Suits \$2.50 a Suit.

A few boys' suits in blue or gray cassimere, very made in the latest patterns, at \$2.50 a suit; worth from \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Youth's Suits, \$2.50 a Suit.

Men's Tailored Suits \$2.50 a Suit.

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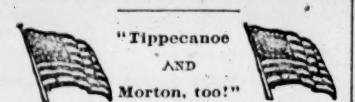
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BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
C. C. ALLEN, Vice-Prest. and Bus. Manager.
W. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

"Protection to American Industries and Homes."



NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President, HARRISON, OF INDIANA;
For Vice-President, MORTON, OF NEW YORK;

Down, Free Trade, Pension Vetoos and Bandana;

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Presidential Electors:
AT LARGE..... J. W. H. LARNES,
DISTRICT I..... JOHN F. SWIFT,
DISTRICT II..... THOS. L. CAROTHERS,
DISTRICT III..... GEORGE H. SHELDON,
DISTRICT IV..... L. B. MIZNER,
DISTRICT V..... S. M. SHORTRIDGE,
DISTRICT VI..... GRO A. KNIGHT,
DISTRICT VII..... H. M. STREETER.

Supreme Court Nominations
For Chief Justice..... WM. H. BEATTY,
For Associate Justice..... J. D. WORKS.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.
For Representatives in Congress:
DISTRICT VI..... GEN. WM. VANDEVIER.

COUNTY TICKET.
Republican Legislative Nominations.
For State Senator:
DISTRICT XXXIX..... J. E. MCCOMAS,
For Assemblyman:
DISTRICT LXV..... JOHN R. BRERETON,
DISTRICT LXVI..... M. DAMRON,
DISTRICT LXVII..... E. K. EDWARDS.

Judicial Nominations.
For Superior Judges:
Long Term..... J. W. LYTTON ANDYKIRK,
Short Term..... WILLIAM P. WADE,
WILLIAM M. CLARK.

County Nominations
For Sheriff..... MARTIN G. AGUIRRE,
For County Treasurer..... JAMES BANBURY,
For County Clerk..... CHAS. H. DUNSMORE,
For County Auditor..... D. W. HAMMOND,
For County Recorder..... JOHN H. COOPER,
For Public Admin. Asst. D. W. FIELD,
For Tax Collector..... ROBERTS PLATT,
For District Attorney..... FRANKIE KELLY,
For County Coroner..... JAMES MERRILL,
For County Surveyor..... H. E. STAFFORD,
For Supervisor:
DISTRICT II..... S. M. PERRY,
DISTRICT IV..... A. E. DAVIS,
DISTRICT V..... LITTLEFIELD.

CITY AND TOWNSHIP NOMINATIONS.

For City Justices..... J. H. C. AUSTIN,
For Township Justice..... THEODORE SAVAGE,
For Constables..... FRED C. SMITH,
H. S. CLEMENT.

AFGHANISTAN is indulging in a brand new revolution. It's Bulgaria's turn next.

FLORIDA is praying for what it usually is anxious to avoid—a good frost.

DR. LESSEPS, in a paper read before the British Association, declared himself as confident that the Panama Canal will be completed by 1890. Dr. Lesseps is a sanguine old gentleman.

It is said that a force of pension clerks has been detailed to prepare a defense of the President's pension vetoos for circulation as a campaign document. Isn't this rather a free interpretation of civil service reform?

THE PRINCESS OF SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN, aunt of the present German Empress, is in Newport and intends to make an extended tour of the West. We hope she has left the celebrated "question" at home, for America has enough cranks "all pretty somethings."

WE are glad to notice that the press of the State is practically unanimous in severely denouncing Judge Terry for his disgraceful action in court. The general opinion is that he got off with a very light sentence.

WASHINGTON CITY is making a vigorous fight against a proposed electric railway, on account of the disfigurement of the streets by overhead electric wires. It cannot be denied that, from an esthetic point of view, the object is well taken. It would be almost a national outrage to disfigure the avenues of the most beautiful city in the country with those gallows-like poles.

AN IOWA JUDGE has decided that under the Iowa prohibitory law a man cannot lawfully manufacture cider for use in his own family. Such laws will never stand for any length of time—will never be effectively enforced, because they lack that, without which laws become merely theoretical legal essays—the approval and cooperation of a majority of the citizens for whom they are framed.

THAT little episode at the German Embassy in Paris last week was delightfully French; and consequently, of course, highly melodramatic. A Parisian, who believed he had been ruined by the Franco-Prussian war, coaxed the brilliant idea of going to the German Embassy and shooting, not the Ambassador, but one of the porters. The porter was unharmed, and it turned out that he was not even a German, but a Frenchman.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Thurman attempts to address an immense gathering in New York, but almost faints in the effort, and is forced to retire.... Jacksville citizens prepare charges against Surgeon-General Hamilton.... Five whalers wrecked in the Arctic.... Great loss of life and damage to property by a hurricane in Cuba.... Capt. Lugard's expedition has a fight with Arabs.... Yellow fever's ravages in Florida.... Frosts in the Eastern States.... A Mallory steamer struck by a cyclone.... State conventions held in New Hampshire, Colorado, and Minnesota.... The Arkansas election results in a fight between blacks and whites and the theft of ballot-boxes.... Death of Lester Wallack.... Chicago fire sales.... The body of another City of Chester victim recovered.... Thurman in New York.... The Iowa Supreme Court declares the making of cedar illegal.... Goldenson's mother asks to be appointed his guardian.... A revolt in Afghanistan.... Two Montana men chloroformed and robbed Chicago.... Yesterday's base-ball games.... A slave trade being carried on at Zanzibar.... Gov. Waterman pardons a Los Angeles convict.... Proposed formation of an organization of fruit-drivers of the State.... Proceedings in the Senate and House.... More testimony as to the cause of the City of Chester disaster.... Santa Cruz votes bonds for waterworks.... Races at the State Fair.... Fire in a mine near Hazleton, Pa.... A bill reported to place ex-Gov. Stoneman on the retired list of the army.... Tur events in the East.... Close of the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee.... Snowsheds burned east of Cheyenne.

Protection Versus Free Trade.

American labor is the foundation stone of our national life, wealth and prosperity. The superior condition of the American workingman may be traced to the fact that he is paid better wages and gets a better price for the products of his industry, than is paid for the same in any other country. The country at large furnishes a market for his productions, and he is not brought into competition with the low-priced labor of other lands.

The first duty of our Government is to legislate for America and Americans; to protect home industries and to prevent the working classes from being brought into competition with the hordes of laborers who are working at starvation prices in foreign lands.

Last year, notwithstanding our protective tariff, there was brought into this country and placed upon our markets \$700,000,000 worth of foreign manufactures—manufactures which represented the wearing toil of women at \$60 a year, and of men at perhaps \$120 for the same period. This \$700,000,000 worth of the product of pauper labor had, to a certain extent, its depressing influence upon American labor, insomuch that it was brought into competition with it, and there was just that much less demand for the products of American toil.

But take from the American laborer the protection extended to him by the Government by means of a protective tariff, and what would be the result? There would be nothing to prevent the glutting of our markets with pauper-made imports. We might be able to purchase goods cheap, as the Democracy tell us, but the presence of those cheap goods would paralyze our own manufacturers, and then where would the wages of the working-man come from? Let our clothing, our steel rails, our pig iron and all things that enter into the industrial life of the Nation be manufactured in foreign lands and be brought here for our use because they can be sold cheaper than we can afford to sell them with the greater price which we pay for labor, and what will become of the material prosperity of the country? With the wheels of our prosperity clogged by free trade; with the fires of our furnaces gone out; with the noise of our looms hushed; with the steel and iron works of the country closed, we should not only be a nation of crippled industries, but we should be a defenseless nation, unable to manufacture arms for our own protection, or to furnish the supplies that would be necessary for our use in case of war.

During the War of the Rebellion the South was without manufactures. It could not supply its armies with weapons of defense. It could not build its ships; it was unable to generously feed its troops; it had to be discontinued. The South could not hold out against the well-equipped industrial North, which could manufacture its own guns, build its ships, feed its great armies and furnish them with abundant supplies.

The South is in favor of free trade. It has always been in favor of whatever would degrade labor. The leaders of the Democratic party in the South would place a wide gulf between the honest sons of toil and the luxury-loving aristocrat. The laboring man of the solid South—solid for the principles and workings of the Democratic party—is more poorly paid, more ill-educated and less comfortably housed and fed than in any other section of the country. Southern Democrats regard him simply as a tool to be used for strengthening their supremacy.

Free trade was one of the constitutional principles of the Confederacy—a confederacy that was organized that it might traffic in human flesh and have the right to swing the lash over the head of the slave. Under all governments where a free-trade policy is adopted we find unremunerated toll, and poverty among the masses. A few cents represents the return for a day's work. The boorish and the rude cabin take the place of the comfortable houses that are enjoyed by the workingmen of America. Poorly-clad and uneducated children throng these hovels and rude cabins. Children of tender years fill the workshops and factories, and with the pittance paid them free trade would compel the working men and women of America to compete. Six cents a day pays the skilled lace-makers of Italy for a day of toil. In what department of American industries could labor be employed at such starvation rates?

In view of the free-trade principles advocated by the Democratic party, Charles H. Litchman, general secretary of the Knights of Labor, has the following ringing words in a letter addressed to Senator Quay, chairman

of the National Republican Committee:

"My position as general secretary of the Knights of Labor has given me an intimate knowledge of the various phases of the labor question, and from the knowledge thus gained I do not hesitate to say that the triumph of the Democratic party, dominated by intolerance in the South and British chauvinism in the North, will bring the most serious blow to organized labor it could possibly receive. I cannot remain inactive in such a conflict, therefore, to you and your associates on the National Republican Committee, as the representatives of the Republican party, I offer my services in any position or capacity where they may be desirable or be thought most useful to aid in securing the success of Harrison and Morton in the representatives in this campaign of the American idea of protection to American labor."

The Lesson of Vermont.

As the Republican State Committee of Vermont said in its address to the voters of that State just previous to the recent election, the question was not one of victory, but of majority. Never during the past sixty years has the Green Mountain State swerved from her opposition to the Democratic party. Previous to the birth of the Republican party in 1856, the State "went Whig," except in 1832, when local issues caused her to go for the anti-Masonic ticket. In some States the consideration of this fact might lead to apathy on the part of individual voters, who would say that, as victory was reasonably sure anyway, a few votes more or less would not matter. Vermonters, however, are not made of that kind of stuff. They perfect their organization and attended to all the details of campaign work with a zealous fidelity which could not have been exceeded if theirs was a close instead of a sure Republican State. Four years ago Vermont gave a majority of 21,000 for the Republican candidates. This year the Republicans announced their intention of carrying the majority up to 25,000, if possible. They did even better than that.

The State Republican Committee issued a stirring address to the Vermont voters, the following passage from which expresses with great force the issues at stake:

"Vermont again stands at the head of the column and leads the van in another struggle to protect the home and the industries that make the home in order to save the Nation. In form it is a political controversy. In substance it is more. It involves the prosperity and the life of industries and the rewards of labor. It touches the heartstrings of every respectable merchant, professional man and man of family in the city. The result of such a contest cannot be doubtful, except in the case of extreme and inexorable supineness on the part of good citizens and their representatives.

THE white-souled spirit of Democratic "reform" is at work doing what it may to secure the blessings of another Democratic victory next November.

The Louisville Courier-Journal, which has the goddess of "reform" in its keeping, estimates that in addition to the \$10,000 contributed by President Cleveland to be used toward his own election, his cabinet has given enough

more to make up the sum of \$165,000 for campaign purposes. It is a beautiful picture of benevolent reform for Democratic contemplation.

THE farmers of England have always opposed free trade, because it subjected them to the competition of virgin land. The mechanics forty years ago favored it, because they wanted cheap bread, but now they find that under German and Belgian competition they cannot make enough to buy the cheap loaf. The president of the English Trades Congress has denounced free trade as ruinous to British workmen. What are American workmen going to do about it?

These are the questions involved in the issue which a deluded President has forced upon the American people. Upon such an issue, so vital to national independence and individual prosperity, it is not strange that Democrats, as well as Republicans, should act as if "it is not party, but country; it is not politics, but patriotism."

Nobly indeed have the patriotic Vermonters replied to the call of their committee. Vermont's example cannot fail to be a healthy one, and it should inspire other sure Republican States to exert every effort and roll up an unprecedented majority for Harrison and protection. Let the free trade doctrine be snowed under so deeply this winter that no political clique will dare to resurrect it during the lifetime of the present generation.

The "Licensed Pirate of the Ocean."

Capt. Nathaniel McKay, member of the famous McKay family of Boston shipbuilders, has gone to Europe with the intention of visiting the shipyards and workshops there to ascertain the wages of the workmen employed therein and compare them with the wages paid in similar industries in the United States, but got lost in the Atlantic.

He was compelled to stop at Philadelphia, where he found work.

He was then engaged by a steamship company to go to Europe.

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THURMAN VERY ILL.

He Attempts to Address a New York Meeting,

But Is Only Able to Say a Few Words in Feeble Tones,

And Is Carried Fainting from the Madison Garden Stand.

His Political Friends Say that He is Only Suffering from an Attack of Cholera Morbus, and Will Be Able to Be About in a Short Time.

By Telegraph to The Times.

New York, Sept. 6.—[By the Associated Press.] Madison Square Garden covered a mighty swarm of people tonight on the occasion of the Democracy's reception to Allen G. Thurman, and when its holding capacity was exhausted it served as a center to many thousands of people, who were addressed by speakers upon stands at each corner of the building. The interior of the garden was profusely decorated with the American colors. When the doors opened a tremendous stream of people rushed in trampling and pushing the 150 policemen present, who vainly tried to preserve order. In an incredible brief space of time the southern gallery was packed, and a few minutes later every seat in the northern gallery was filled. Then the crowds surged on to the main floor and every minute saw them packed closer and closer to the stout railing of the reserved enclosure, and every minute saw the remaining space for standing room growing less and less. Still hundreds more poured in and squeezed room for themselves until the building fully held its estimated capacity of 15,000 people. Suddenly there was heard a loud cracking and men mounted their chairs and looked about them with anxiety. Before a panic could be created, however, it was seen that the impatient crowd packed against the reserved seat enclosure had violently seized the railings, wrenching them from their place and there was a rush for the chairs of those who had risen to see what had caused the disturbance. No harm was suffered by any one, however, excepting those who had lost their seats.

At 3 o'clock Calvin S. Brice, chairman of the National Campaign Committee, appeared in the speaker's stand, cane in hand, and rapped for order. He at length made his appearance above the door, called the meeting to order, and presented Hon. Edward P. Flower. Flower made a short speech, touching mainly upon the treasury surplus. He referred to Judge Thurman as "that ripe scholar, that able and upright judge, that leader of the Senate and that incorruptible statesman."

While Flower was still speaking the crowd heard that Madison Square entrance had been cleared of the voices of the speaker as they announced the nomination of Thurman. As he made his way to the platform the cheers were redoubled, bandanas were waved, and the hand struck up "Hail to the Chief." At the same time there reached the platform Gov. D. B. Hill, who took a seat beside Mayor Hewitt, Congressman McMillan, Patrick A. Collins and ex-Governor Abbott of New Jersey. A greeting, in the form of a resolution, was then read and adopted.

Flower, who had not attempted to continue his speech, after introduced Thurman, saying: "Fellow citizens, I have the honor to introduce to you the Old Roman, Allen G. Thurman." As Thurman stepped forward to the speaker's stand, and stood erect, while the perspiration from his face with the fever abated, the thunderous excitement followed. Every one having a seat stood upon it. Bandanas and flags were waved, and the crowd cheered again and again, drowning into muffled sounds the strains of the band. The cheering continued for fully five minutes, and then, with a voice so feeble that only those within a few feet could hear it, except by the motion of his lips, he was speaking. Thurman said:

"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: It has been said by the Republican Presidents since I was nominated for Vice-President that Allen G. Thurman is an old, frail, decrepit and broken down man. I do not know what I should reply to this, although I would like to do so, but I am compelled to speak to an immense audience such as this. However, I want to speak in spite of illness. I am almost induced to make the attempt. I beg leave, however, to withdraw and thank you for your kind reception.

THURMAN UNABLE TO SPEAK.

A bush fell upon the assemblage as all saw that the hero of the evening was trying to speak to them, but was unable to do so. Col. Brice and Mr. Flower stepped forward and each taking Thurman by an arm, assisted him back from the speaker's stand. He was almost fainting, and for a few minutes was too sick to be removed from the building. When he had recovered sufficiently, Judge Thurman was taken in a carriage direct to the ladies' entrance of the Hotel Astor, where he was placed in nomination for Governor.

The Committee on Resolutions then adjourned. The proposed bill for tariff reform, regulation of the liquor traffic in a manner found successful in other States, it expresses sympathy with Ireland. It charges the Republican party with being a syndicate of political speculators, whose only purpose is to protect great monopolies and trusts.

After the reading and adoption of the platform, Gov. D. B. A. Amsden was nominated for Governor.

After the election of Presidential electors, the convention adjourned.

publican Senate thought they could bully and win the sympathies of American citizens by rejecting the fisheries treaty, but they got a "Roland for an Oliver." They decided to reject that treaty on Tuesday, and on Thursday Grover Cleveland said: "Very well, gentlemen, you have rejected the treaty, and reverted to hostile methods. If we come under your decree, war it shall be. Give me the legislation, and I will carry out your decree."

Patrick A. Collins of Boston and John McSweeney of Ohio followed with short speeches, and the meeting was closed with local speakers.

YOUNG THURMAN'S MESSAGE.

Allen W. Thurman sent this dispatch to his mother at Columbus late tonight:

"If you see reports in the morning papers about father being sick don't be alarmed. It is simply an old-fashioned case of cholera morbus, and he is all right now."

An Associated Press representative called on Judge Thurman about 10 o'clock tonight and found him fast asleep and apparently enjoying a healthful slumber.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

Platform and Ticket of the Minnesota Republicans.

St. Paul (Minn.), Sept. 6.—[By the Associated Press.] The platform submitted to the Republican State Convention this morning endorses the national ticket, points with pride to the results achieved under the State high license law, declares uncompromisingly in favor of "American protection," but adheres to the repeated declaration of the State and National platforms in favor of "modification, readjustment and reduction of the tariff," and reiterates the views of the Republican Presidents, Garfield and Arthur, upon the same subject, as well as the recommendations of the commission appointed under the last Republican administration. It declares, that the reduction should be made with care, not to injure existing industries, putting on the free list "articles of prime necessity which enter into the ordinary consumption of the people." It favors civil service reform, demands enforcement of the interstate commerce law, denounces the attempt of the Democrats to coerce the Senate into ratification of the fisheries treaty, denounces Cleveland's foreign policy as vacillating, declares the delay in the admission of Dakota selfish and dishonest, favors liberal treatment of war veterans, declares hostility to trusts, recommends the Australian system of voting, demands revision of immigration and naturalization laws and stricter enforcement of the contract labor law; welcomes those disfranchised in the South on account of race to homes in Minnesota, and sympathizes with the Irish home rule movement.

The platform as read was adopted. The convention proceeded to the election of a State ticket. Chief Justice of the Supreme Court James Gilfillan and Associate Justice W. W. Coons were renominated by acclamation. Three candidates for Governor, Scheffer, McGill and Merriam, were put in nomination. An informal ballot resulted in 22,500 votes for Gilfillan; 8,100 for Scheffer; 116; McGill; and Merriam, 158.

A second informal ballot resulted: Necessary to a choice, 224; Clement, 8; Gilfillan, 17; Scheffer, 116; McGill, 145; Merriam, 158.

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OUR NEIGHBORS.

Pomona
PRODUCTS AND POLITICS—AN IMPOSING RECEPTION—"SI, SEÑOR!"
POMONA, Sept. 3.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The citizens of Pomona have had several meetings for the purpose of making arrangements to send a fair sample of our products to Columbus. A committee of three was appointed on finance, and about \$800 was raised for the expense of sending parties to Columbus, purchasing products for a creditable display, and having a pamphlet printed descriptive of Pomona.

Messrs. C. D. Ambrose and R. S. Bassett were appointed to procure fruits and views of Pomona, and have them properly packed and shipped. This work was completed on Saturday and the car sent forward. P. J. Dreher left last Tuesday to complete the arrangements in Columbus. It was intended that he should have complete control of matters, as no one else could go, but at the last moment another of our enterprising citizens was induced to give his time, and Mr. Dreher will have R. S. Bassett for a coadjutor. The work could not be in better hands. Numerous views have been taken of our principal streets and buildings. These will be lithographed and displayed in our pamphlet. It is a good thing for any place to do such work. Every citizen should assist, for it is for his benefit to do so, and what is good for the citizen or town is good for the county.

AN AFFAIR OF STATE.

On Friday afternoon Gov. Waterman passed through town. Quite a number of our citizens went to the depot to meet him. The train only stopped for a moment or two, and a young lady occupied his attention so completely that none of the citizens had an opportunity of speaking to him; but it is a cold day when a reporter cannot get an item from even the slightest foundation. The Pomona Daily Times had the following: "being a quarter-column account of the mythical reception, with a synopsis of the short but very eloquent and appropriate address of welcome" and a highly imaginative account of the alleged manner in which His Excellency was surrounded by the "surging crowd" the moment the gubernatorial brogan touched the platform, etc. "After some effort a passage was cleared, and the committee advanced," etc. "The speech was received with hearty applause," etc. "The Governor replied in a few fitting remarks," etc.; and then, "the people reluctantly bade him bon voyage," etc.]

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

On Friday evening about 30 citizens of Pomona went to La Verne, a thriving village near the foothills, to attend a Republican meeting. It was supposed that a prominent speaker would be on hand, but it was only a club meeting, and most of the speakers were citizens of Lordsburg and Pomona. The Glee Club of La Verne furnished very good music. Short speeches were made by Count Menzer, J. C. McComas, J. A. Gallup, William Wildman, C. D. Ambrose, W. A. Bell and Mr. Robinson. La Verne is sound on the principles of the Republican party and will cast 75 votes for Harrison to five or six for Cleveland.

The campaign was formally opened in Pomona Saturday evening. Part of the band held off on a vacation, we could not have the benefit of its inspiring strains, but made up for it by firing anvils, sending up sky-rockets and roman candles. Fully 2000 people were in attendance. The stand was beautifully decorated with flags and bunting. After several songs by the Pomona and La Verne glee clubs, the chairman, W. A. Bell, introduced the following gentlemen, who made a few appropriate remarks: J. Banbury of Pasadena, candidate for Treasurer; D. W. Hamilton, candidate for Auditor, and Mr. Phibbs of Pomona. These gentlemen were brief, as the County Central Committee had sent us Mr. Lindsay of Pasadena, on whom we depended for the oration of the evening. Fortunately Frank P. Kelly was along, for Mr. Lindsay's trial, and a cure will be guaranteed.

RHEUMATISM.

Our specialist in rheumatism is meeting with the greatest success. If there is any known treatment which will benefit, the doctor will be able to inform you, and treat you accordingly.

BLOOD DISEASES.

Our vegetable blood remedies will remove an blood, whether hereditary or acquired, such as typhus, scrofula, erysipelas, etc. We will entirely remove the evil effects of a previous treatment of mercury or iodine. Patients who have been cured at the springs of the blood disease, but who suffer now—most as much with mercurial poisoning—will do well to consult us.

CANCER.

Many young men have given away to felicity in their early youth, the evil effects of which are not recognized, perhaps for years, and then they are suddenly overtaken by unknown symptoms present themselves: Dizziness, bad taste in the mouth, forgetfulness, loss of energy, weak back, loss of manhood, etc. Young men who consult us at the springs of the blood disease, but who suffer now—most as much with mercurial poisoning—will do well to consult us.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Office hours: 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. and 7 to 8 p.m.
DRS. D. & B.,
454 N. Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal.

Dr. STEINHART'S

ESSENCE OF LIFE!

ESTABLISHED SINCE 1874

This great strengthening remedy and nerve tonic positively cures Nervous and Physical Debility. Exhausted Vitality. Invincible Weakness. Drains up the System, no matter how long it has been debilitated. Cures Lost Manhood in all its complications. Prostatorrhoea and all the evil effects of youthful follies and excesses.

A PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED.

PRICES:
\$2.50 Per Bottle in Liquid or Pill,
or Five for \$10.

DR. STEINHART,

109, N.W. cor. First & Spring.

ROOM 12, OPP. NADRAU HOUSE.

Office Hours—9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 6 to 7:30 p.m.; 8 to 9 p.m.

N.Y. To the convenience of patients, and in order to insure perfect secrecy, I have adopted a private address, under which all packages are forwarded.

C. H. SCHULTZ, M.D.,

(Formerly from Europe, Russia, city of Moscow),

207 S. Main St., S. W. corner Third and Main, room 2.

Where he made an enviable reputation in his specialty.

Private and Chronic Diseases OF MEN AND WOMEN.

And is prepared to successfully treat all those diseases, such as Syphilis, Struma, Gonorrhoea, in its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency and Lost Manhood. Warranted to cure in a very short time. The Doctor has no deficiency in strength by the character of which he has been cured, successfully treated by my new method without the use of mercury. The Doctor cures where others fail. Try him. Office hours: 8 to 10 a.m. 2 to 4 and 4 to 6 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of September, A.D. 1888.

JOHN D. CHAFFEE

RANGUM Root Liniment.
NEVER FAILS TO CURE SPRAINS CUTS RHEUMATISM AND ALL DISEASES OF MAN AND BEAST. THAT CAN BE REACHED BY AN EXTERNAL APPLICATION 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. IS GUARANTEED TO OINTMENT CURE ALL FORMS OF PILES HODGES' SARSAPARILLA CURES ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD.

T.I.N.C.
IS THE ONLY INFALLIBLE CURE ON EARTH FOR ALL KINDS OF NEURALGIA SOLD EVERYWHERE MADE BY RANGUM ROOT MED CO NEWCASTLE, ENGL.

HELLMAN, HAAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Los Angeles Cal.

DO NOT DESPAIR!

Relief Even to Those Who Have Long Given Up Hope Is at Hand!

DRS. D. & B.

Several well known and experienced practitioners are graduates of the most representative medical schools of England and Britain have established themselves together for the treatment of all chronic and difficult cases. The firm is known by the name Drs. D. & B.

A WORD TO LADIES.

We are especially prepared to treat diseases of your delicate organisms, such as irritable Fallopian tubes, uterine fibroids, etc. We will guarantee a cure in every case undertaken, if we cannot cure you we will not treat you.

We will cure prolapsus (falling of the womb) in all cases, no matter how long standing, without the use of a support.

We are prepared to perform any surgical operation, such as removal of tumors, ovariotomy, operation for fistula, piles, etc., with success exceeding by none.

CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ETC., ETC.

Our specialist in bronchitis, by the aid of MEDICAL INHALATION, is able to cure cases where every known means have hitherto failed. Owing to this treatment numerous cases of chronic bronchitis, which nothing short of a miracle could cure. CATARRH is not merely relieved, but a permanent cure is effected, as patients treated four years ago are still in full health.

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SUNDAYS ONLY.

TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS to and from Beaumont.

DAILY except Sundays.

LODGING, BOARD, TICKETS, SOLD, BAGGAGE CHECKED, PULLMAN, SLEEPING-CAR RESERVATIONS MADE AND GENERAL INFORMATION ON GIVEN UPON APPLICATION TO:

C. F. SMURF, ASST'G P. & F. AGT'S, NO. 262, MAIN ST.

CHARLES SAYLER, AGT'S, DEPOT.

A. N. TOWNE, General Manager.

T. H. GOODMAN, P. & T. AGT.

E. H. HEWITT, Sup't, Los Angeles

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THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The Irish-Americans meet tonight. The Oro Fino Club will hold its regular weekly meeting this evening.

Next Sunday will be Admission day. The celebration will take place on Monday.

Orange McPherson, St. James, Silverado and Orange Depot have been set off as a judicial township.

The Central W.C.T.U. will hold its regular meeting today at 2 p.m. in the Methodist Church South.

The City Council had a special meeting appointed for yesterday at 10 a.m., but it failed for lack of a quorum.

The Mexicans will celebrate their independence day by a ball at Turnverein Hall, on the evening of the 15th inst.

The Conference Committee of the Republican Club will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Oro Fino Club rooms.

James Collins was arrested on Main street by Oscar Hughes yesterday morning.

The Los Angeles Mission will open up in their old quarters with daily meetings at the Nadeau basement next Sunday at 10 a.m.

A number of the Arizona colony in this city will attend the feast of San Augustin in Tucson next month. The fiesta lasts several weeks.

A faro game was running in a private and well-protected room in the rear of the Brunswick billiard parlors, Spring street, "on yesterday."

The work of clearing away the old buildings from the site of the Government building, Main and Winston streets, was commenced yesterday.

A lost child was found on Main street and brought to the police station, where it was cared for by Clerk Cy True until its parents called for it.

Secretary T. H. Ward of the Board of Trade was offered a carload of fine grapes yesterday to forward to Columbus and will probably send it today.

The memorandum in the Supreme Court for Alexander Campbell is not the pioneer attorney in this city, but another attorney of the same name in San Francisco.

Officer Arno, of the police, is bound to his bed for two days yet. He is confined to his bed for some days yet. He is worse than was at first supposed.

Miss Carrie Jackson, of the Conservatory of Music on Main street, was the recipient of a serenade, tendered by a popular quartette of male voices, Wednesday evening.

Elder P. W. Shick of Kansas and Dr. C. Kendrick of Downey, of the Church of Christ, are holding a series of meetings in the big tent at the corner of Ninth and Hill streets.

Plymouth Chapel (Rev. A. J. Wells, pastor) will hold a promenade concert this evening. The chapel is on York street, west of Figueroa, and one block from Washington street.

Robert W. Darby and Miss Lillian B. Galer were married at the residence of the bride's parents, 1236 Santeet street, yesterday. Dr. Cantine officiating. There was a large attendance of invited guests.

The Irish-American Club has postponed their forthcoming entertainment and ball from September 8th to September 22d. All persons holding tickets are requested to return them to the Executive Committee.

James Collins, who escaped punishment for the shooting of his wife, Justice Austin in that he would leave town within four hours, was arrested early yesterday morning with a couple of coal oil stoves in his possession.

The West End Republican Club have placed a tent 50 by 50 in ground dimensions on Temple street, near the engine-house, and will hold a meeting of the club there this evening. A monster meeting and tent-meeting will be arranged for tonight, and a full attendance is desired.

The are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office, No. 6 Court street, for the following people: Mrs. Emma Schwartz, C. F. Story, Homer C. Katz, Rev. H. M. McKnight, Jesus Taisar, Mortimer P. T. Bain, F. A. Reynolds.

If the Board of Supervisors get in their application for a reduction of the assessment of this county they will have to hurry up, as notice was received from the State Board of Equalization that it would hear the case of the Angeles committed not later than Tuesday.

E. S. L. Bernard, who was lately tried for robbing Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasury box at the Southern Pacific depot, and acquitted, has brought suit against Wells, Fargo & Co. for \$30,000 for false and malicious prosecution. Bernard's attorneys are Horace Bell and Williams & McKinley.

The following were entered on the County Jail register yesterday: Ah Hung, assault with a deadly weapon, three months' imprisonment, and \$25 fine; John Miller, forcibly entering another's premises, \$25 fine; Jim Chason, assault with a deadly weapon; John Otto, selling liquor to Indians.

The Grand Council of the Young Men's Institute, which convened at Stockton on the 3d inst., elected John P. Moran first vice-president and J. H. Dockweiler grand lecturer for Southern California. Both gentlemen represented branch No. 14 of this state, and are well known throughout Southern California.

Marriage licenses were issued to the following people yesterday: Finis W. Guthrie, native of Missouri, aged 27, and Eliza J. Montgomery of California, aged 18; Robert W. Darby, native of Ohio, aged 21, and Lillian B. Galer, of Iowa, aged 24; Barnard M. Warren, native of Indiana, aged 29, and Helen M. Dreggan of Indiana, aged 27.

How Stephen M. White, H. C. Witmer and Hon. E. F. Spence have been selected as trustees of the firemen's relief fund. The money donated by the Southern Pacific Company after the Whittier, Fuller & Co. fire, the proceeds of the firemen's concert the \$300 donated by the Los Angeles National Bank will bring the fund up to about \$1,000 for a start.

The social this evening at the Fort-street Methodist church promises to be one of the best of the season. It is under the direction of the J. K. L. Committee. The following is list of the performers: Baritone, Mr. Scott; recitation, Mrs. Van Sant; recitation, H. C. Eastman; guitar solo, Mr. de Lava. There will be a chorus by the Fort-street M. E. Church Choral Society.

The Young Men's Republican Club will hold another of their open meetings at the new wing corner of First and Second streets next Friday evening. The meeting will be addressed by Hon. B. F. Davis, one of the most eloquent speakers in this portion of the State, and by Hon. E. F. Davis. Mr. Davis, who is a native of England and has made the canvass for Parliament twice, will discuss the condition of labor in that country.

The Philharmonic Society, which has been industriously organizing for a month or more, will have their rehearsal at Gardner's Music Hall last evening. The society numbers about 80 members, who are very earnest and enthusiastic in their work. This is said to be the only organization of the kind in the country which has a full orchestra of its own members. A grand concert is to be given at Turnverein Hall on the evening of the 27th inst.

The following passengers sailed for the north by steamship, bound for the Pacific yesterday: For San Francisco—Dr. Stephenson and son, Mrs. H. Smith, Janice, wife and two children, Mrs. C. A. Durfee, Mrs. E. Noves, Miss Laura Noyes, Joseph McLachlith and wife, Mrs. S. D. Sadler, Mrs. G. B. McCord, Miss Viva McDord, G. R. Strange, Mr. J. C. Foy, Henry Bodding, Mr. S. Sadler, Henry Pamplin, Mrs. J. Foster, H. W. Longfellow, J. W. Ferguson, Charles Monroe, John Williams, C. Lasmer, W. Lasmer.

PERSONAL NEWS.

Lee Jacobs of San Francisco is at the Nadeau.

John T. Ross of Kansas City is at the Nadeau.

J. W. Dorrington of Yuma, Ariz., is at the Nadeau.

W. T. Dunnell and wife of Monrovia are at the Hollenbeck.

J. A. Timpson and wife of San Francisco are at the Nadeau.

Harry C. Wyatt and wife are sojourning at Coronado Hotel.

H. B. Tenney of Tucson, Ariz., has rooms at the Wessmeyer.

Ex-Gov. A. P. Safford of Arizona is on a visit to Los Angeles.

B. W. Brown and wife of Redlands returned to the city yesterday from San

Pedro, and are registered at the New United States Hotel.

R. P. Watson, a capitalist of Chicago, is registered at the Westminster.

R. R. Munro of San Francisco is a guest at the New United States Hotel.

Charles Klein and J. W. Waters, Jr., of San Bernardino are at the Nadeau.

H. J. Levey of San Francisco can be found at the New United States Hotel.

Joe Pohlem of San Francisco and B. H. Upham of Berkeley are at the Nadeau.

Miss Starkpole of Lathrop is in the city, a guest of the New United States Hotel.

W. G. Kendrik, a commercial man from St. Louis, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

Mrs. Colen and two children of Arizona have rooms at the New United States Hotel.

L. L. Shaw and M. L. Shaw of Lugonia are registered at the New United States Hotel.

G. E. Dayton, representing a wholesale house in Chicago, is a guest at the Westminster.

W. G. Kendrik, a commercial man from St. Louis, is registered at the Hollenbeck.

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